

Funding

IS THE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE TRIBE TO RECEIVE DIRECT THURRAL REINBURSENENT FOR:

IV-E CHILD WELFARE OPERATIONS

FOSTER CARE MAINTENANCE PAYMENTS **ADOPTION ASSISTANCE**

KINSHIP/GUARDIANSHIP ASSISTANCE

BACKGROUND

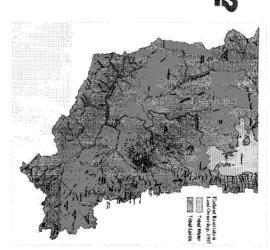
to negotiate continuing the match for Maintenance and Administrative Costs. funding, which will give us greater flexibility and potential for Currently, CSKT receives IV-E monies through the state of CSKT Social Services Department to apply for Direct IV-E effect since 2010). The following "new law" would allow increased funding. In addition, the State of Montana is willing Montana per a State/Tribe agreement (which has been in

assistance program under title IV-E of the Social Security assistance, and at Tribal option, kinship guardianship Act (SSA). receive title IV-E funds to operate foster care, adoption Tribes, Tribal organizations, and Tribal consortia to directly Adoptions Act of 2008 (Public Law 110-351), allows Indian The Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing



WHAT DOES THIS MEAN?





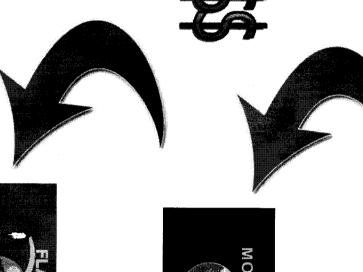
practice manual with consideration of the We have an opportunity to customize our needs & circumstances of the people of the Confederated Salish, Pend d'Oreille and Kootenai Tribes!

services and child welfare services by manual guides the delivery of social The tribal social service practice the CSKT Tribal Social Services Department.

CURRENT STATE AGREEMENT



TITLE IV-E
DIRECT



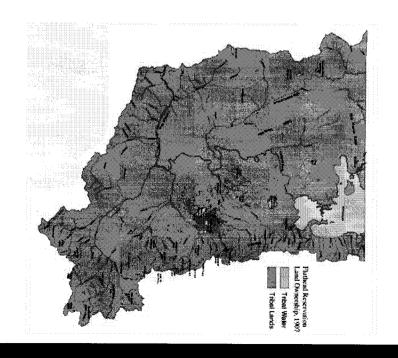


NHAI IS DIFFERENT FOR THE TRIBES?

limited exceptions specified in the law. manner to State and Tribal Title IV-E agencies with The law and proposed regulations apply in the same

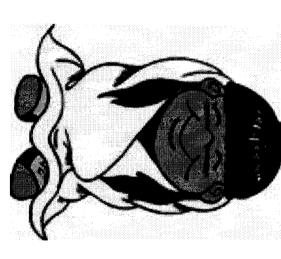
Tribal Title IV-E agencies:

- and populations May define their own service areas
- May apply Tribal licensing standards to homes both on and near an Indian reservation
- **Utilize Tribal and Indian preference** our tribally operated program(s) when hiring social worker staff for
- ICWA (Indian Child Welfare Act)



TITLE IV-E CANDIDACY FOR FOSTER CARE

services under the current IV-E State/Tribe agreement. program includes prevention and intervention services. The State of Montana opted out of the Candidacy for Foster Care Program so we cannot claim these

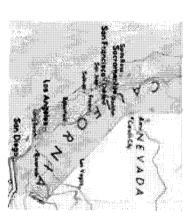


administrative costs covering the case management "out-of-home" placement. activity associated with children/youth "at risk" for With Direct IV-E funding, CSKT can claim the

resident for 6 months prior to becoming eligible for [IV-E] benefits. in out of state ICWA cases, the parents must be a Montana Residency Standards for the State of Montana - Currently Residency Eligibility Requirement: Is determined by 1996









state care, thus, this will allow CSKT to "bring our children could begin to claim IV-E for Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA) home!" cases being transferred from another state court jurisdiction This can reduce the disproportionality of tribal children in The residency requirement can be waived, & CSKT TSSD

CARE SUBSIDY. RELATIVE PLACEMENT AND RECEIVING FOSTER FAMILIES FROM BEING CONSIDERED FOR THE STATE HAS STRINGENT LICENSING REQUIREMENTS, WHICH MAY DISQUALIFY SOME FOSTER PARENT LICENSING —





national fingerprint based criminal records check. Results must be received behalf of a child. Background checks cannot be waived, however... prior to being fully licensed or approving a family regardless of whether Title foster & adoptive parents approved after October 1, 2006 must have a Adam Walsh Child Protection & Safety Act P.L. 109-246: All prospective IV-E maintenance or adoption assistance payments are to be made on

TITLE IVE DIRECT

RELATIVE CARE PROVIDERS PERTAINING TO KINSHIP PLACEMENTS: OUR TRIBE MAY WAIVE NON-SAFETY LICENSING STANDARDS FOR

Such As...

- "case-by-case" basis Number of children in a total household, considered on a
- Income requirements
- Foster parent training requirement for kinship care
- Sleeping arrangements or space requirements of the home
- Definition of relative & background check of Tribal Elders Reference Practice Manual pg. 142 paragraph 4

THE ADVANTAGES

- Timely placement of children with relatives & reduced traume
- Ability to keep siblings together & improved child well-being.
- Placement stability & improved permanency
- determined. Relatives can apply for TANF until IV-E eligibility is



VISITATION



SUCH VISITS WILL TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION AL RECOMMENDATIONS, VISITATIONS WILL BE SUPERVISED (PROVIDED THE IF THE PARENTS ARE NOT IN COMPLIANCE, **INVOLVED THERAPIST ASSESSMENTS AND/OR** PARENTS ARE NOT UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ANY INTOXICATING SUBSTANCES AT TIME OF VISIT).

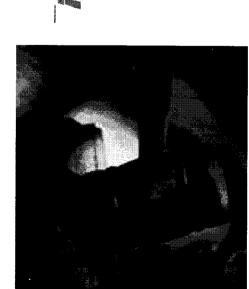
Reference Practice Manual Sec. 34 (p. 153, #4)



FUNDING WAS DENIED. CORRECT IV-E LANGUAGE WAS NOT INCLUDED IN THE FIRST COURT ORDER AFTER A CHILD'S REMOVAL, IV-E TRIBAL COURT ORDERS— IN THE YEARS PAST, IF THE

Such as, "...continuation in the home would be contrary to the welfare of the child."

have been trained in this language ! Currently Tribal Court personnel



Title IV-E Direct

welfare of the child findings". orders as documentation that a judicial determination was effect, it may use affidavits or "Nunc pro Tunc" (Now for Then) For the first 12 months the tribal agency's Title IV-E plan is in made regarding reasonable efforts and/or "contrary to the

(Reference practice manual pg. 105, pg. 112 & pg. 113)

RIGHTS (TPR) TO SECURE AN ADOPTION. ADOPTIONS—THE STATE REQUIRES A TERMINATION OF PARENTAL

DOLLARS GUARDIANSHIP SUBSIDY, OR BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS CHILD WELFARE ADOPTION ASSISTANCE IS A MORE SOLID FUNDING SOURCE THAN



Title IV-E Direct Funding

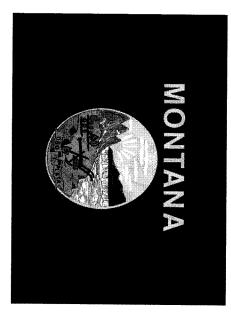


parental rights; rather a suspension of parental rights. Our Salish, Pend d'Oreille and Kootenai elders are in support of this endeavor, and it is in the draft TSSD practice manual. Our tribe has the opportunity to develop and implement Children's Code, which will not include a termination of Customary/Traditional Adoptions into our Practice and Tribal

Reference Practice Manual pg. 134 & pg. 168

Tribal Children's Code 3-2-101 pg. 16 & 3-2-904 pg. 14

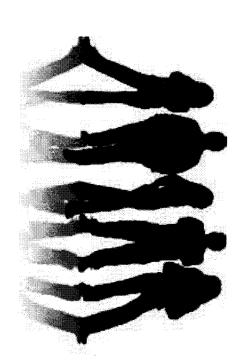
STATE/TRIBE



CHAFEE INDEPENDENT LIVING FUNDING—

HISTORICALLY HAVE FALLEN THROUGH THE CRACKS." GUARDIANSHIP AFTER AGE 16. THIS COVERS YOUTH THAT "COVERS OUR YOUTH, AGES (16-21) WHO HAVE AGED ACHIEVED PERMANENCY THROUGH ADOPTION OR OUT OR WILL AGE OUT OF THE FOSTER CARE SYSTEM, OR

Under Direct Title IV-E funding, CSKT will continue this invaluable resource for our youth, and may gain greater flexibility with direct funding.



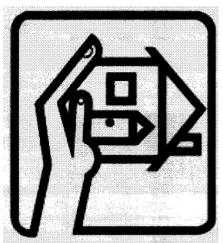
Chafee funds can support activities and programs that help with:



Employment



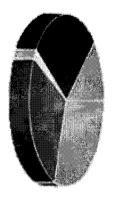
Financial Management



Housing



Colleges



COST ALLOCATION

BENEFITING PROGRAMS. AND CLAIMED FOR REIMBURSEMENT THROUGH SPECIFIC **MEASURING, AND APPORTIONING ALL ADMINISTRATIVE** COSTS SO THAT THEY MAY ULTIMATELY BE ASSOCIATED COST ALLOCATION IS A SYSTEM FOR IDENTIFYING,

OUR TRIBE WILL NEED TO HAVE A CLEARLY DEFINED PLAN TYPE OF EXPENDITURE. WE WILL NEED TO CONSIDER: COST SHARING OR MATCHING REQUIREMENT FOR EACH FOR THE FUNDING SOURCE(S) IT WILL USE TO COVER THE

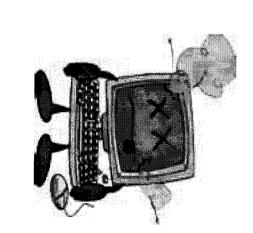
- STATE MATCHING FUNDS: STATES ARE REQUIRED TO **NEGOTIATE WITH TRIBES IN "GOOD FAITH"**
- THE STATE CURRENTLY PAYS 17% MAINTENANCE PAYMENTS: FEDERAL SHARE IS 83% AND
- SOCIAL SERVICE FUNDS, LOCAL COMMUNITY AGENCIES IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS THAT QUALIFY: COLLEGES, BIA

CURRENTLY THE SYSTEM USED TO MANAGE THE DATA DATA MANAGEMENT AND COST EFFECTIVENESS—

ANTIQUATED AND IS NOT USER FRIENDLY IS THE STATE CAPS SYSTEM. THIS SYSTEM IS



If our Tribe continued under this system it is estimated to cost: \$260,000 initially & \$160,000 annually

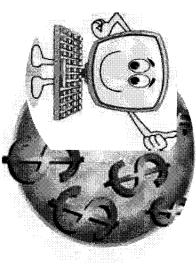


Tribal Title IV-E Agencies will be required to begin collecting and transmitting data only after the Tribe's Title IV-E plan is approved and operating for one year.

TITLE IV-E DIRECT FUNDING

REALISTICALLY COST FROM \$30K - \$50K DEVELOPMENT OF A NEW DATA SYSTEM WOULD

UNDER IV-E FOR COMPUTER SYSTEM DATA 50% OF THOSE COSTS WILL BE COVERED DEVELOPMENT



- There would be no maintenance cost through the Tribal IT Department.
- friendly. The system could be flexible (modified as needed), and user
- Protection Services) information. The Tribe could include ICWA statistics, as well as APS (Adult
- Historical data could also be captured under this system.

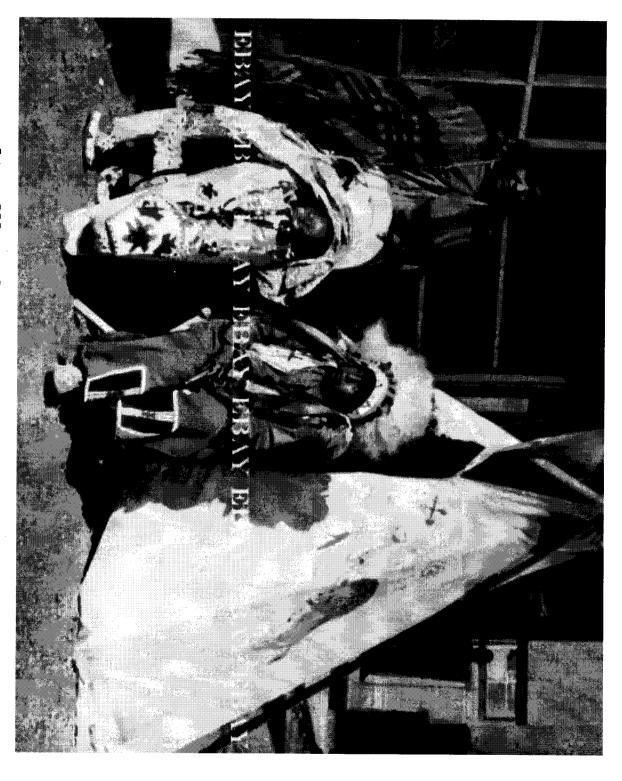
Other Direct IV-E Advantages

Our Tribe will be in a better position to exercise our sovereignty and be an effective resource to our children and families



It will enhance opportunities for relative involvement.





The Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA) It will enhance implementation of

nis program tocuses on efforts to coordinate and enhance services for relative/family



CARING IS NOT ENOUGH TO PROTECT PROGRAMS FROM POORLY DEVELOPED SERVICES, AND WE CAN DEVELOP ONE THAT IS CULTURALLY



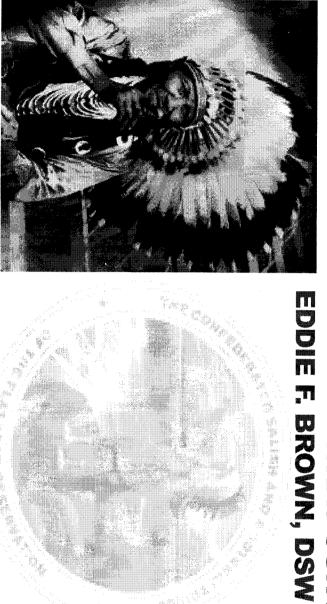
AMENDED, AS NEEDED, AND AS REQUIRED, BY DIRECT IV-E IS A "LIVING" PLAN THAT CAN BE



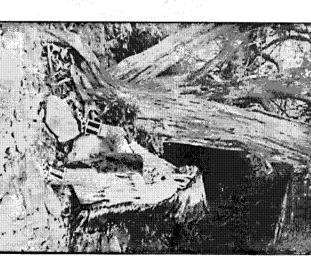
We can help our children become healthy



CREATION OF OUR OWN FUTURE. IF OUR FUTURE IS DECIDED WILLINGNESS TO DETERMINE WHAT OUR FUTURE WILL BE." THE EXERCISE OF TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY MEANS BEING ABLE BY OTHERS WE ARE REALLY NOT SOVEREIGN. THERE IS A DIRECT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SOVEREIGNTY AND OUR TO ACTIVELY AND CONSCIOUSLY PARTICIPATE IN THE





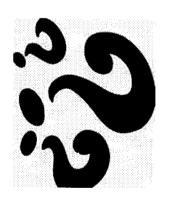


Our Mission is to protect and provide our triba children a safe environment with cultural and family connections...

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